JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



Financial Report



For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	. 1
PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS	5
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART	. 6
FINANCIAL SECTION INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	7
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	13
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Statement of Net PositionDecember 31, 2013	
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Balance SheetGovernmental Fund - December 31, 2013	. 25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalanceGovernmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	. 26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	28
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - December 31, 2013 (Clerk of First and Second City Courts)	. 29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - December 31, 2013 (Clerk of Civil District Court)	. 30

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

	PAGE
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED: Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Liabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 (Clerk of First and Second City Courts)	31
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Liabilities and Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 (Clerk of Civil District Court)	32
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Index	33 35
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: SCHEDULE I Schedule of Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	59
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	61
SCHEDULE III Schedule of Budgetary to GAAP Reconciliation For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	63
Notes to Budgetary Data Information	64
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	65
EXIT CONFERENCE	66

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Judicial Expense Fund

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June 30, 2014

To: Chief Kern Reese

The Judges En Banc of the Judicial Expense Fund
The Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana
Citizens of the Parish of Orleans and the State of Louisiana

It is my privilege to present the Annual Financial Report on the financial condition of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, also including First and Second City Courts, (the Judicial Expense Fund), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The report was prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and is submitted in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title 24, section 514.

The Judges *En Banc* of the Judicial Expense Fund are responsible for the accuracy, completeness and fair presentation of the data, representations, and disclosures presented in the report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the data presented are accurate in all material respects, reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations, and provide disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial activities and condition of the Judicial Expense Fund.

GASB Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement Management's Discussion and Analysis, which begins on page 13 immediately following the independent auditor's report, and should be read in conjunction with it.

Independent Audit

These financial statements have been audited by the firm of Bruno and Tervalon LLP, Certified Public Accountants, located in New Orleans, Louisiana. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 is free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and

disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund for the year ended December 31, 2013 are fairly presented in accordance with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is the first component of the financial section of this report.

Accounting Control

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data are compiled to provide for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe that the internal accounting controls of the Judicial Expense Fund adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording and reporting of financial transactions.

Profile of the Judicial Expense Fund

The Louisiana State Constitution of 1879 created the Judicial Expense Fund, which includes a district court (Orleans Parish Civil District Court); two city courts (First City Court and Second City Court of New Orleans); and two city offices (the Recorder of Mortgages and the Register of Conveyances of New Orleans). Act 621 of the Louisiana Legislature was Signed by the governor on June 23, 2006. As a result of this legislation the composition of the fund has changed. Effective January 1, 2009, the Recorder of Mortgages and the Register of Conveyances became divisions of the Clerk of Civil District Court's Operations and are no longer a part of the Judicial Expense Fund. Management's Discussion and Analysis includes a description of the financial reporting entity, and Note 1 explains the significant accounting policies.

The Judicial Expense Fund has only one fund, a General Fund. Revenues are comprised primarily of filing fees paid by attorneys and litigants. The Judicial Expense Fund is completely self-funded and does not receive tax revenue of any type. At December 31, 2013, the Judicial Expense Fund did not have any debt, and all of the Fund Balance is unreserved.

As the Organizational Chart on page 6 shows, the fourteen judges of Civil District Court, the three judges of First City Court, and the judge of Second City Court form the Judges *En Banc*, which is charged with managing the Judicial Expense Fund in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title 13, and Section 1312. The names of these principal officials can be found on page 5 following this letter. All eighteen judges are elected for six-year terms. Judge Rosemary Ledet, Division B, resigned effective December 31, 2011. She was replaced effective January 1, 2012 by Judge Regina Bartholomew. Judge Madeline Landrieu, Division E also

resigned effective December 31, 2011. She was replaced by Judge Clare Jupiter effective January 1, 2012. Judge Herbert Cade Division K also resigned effective December 31, 2011. He will be replaced by Judge Bernadette D'Souza effective March 1, 2012. Judge Mary "KK" Norman, Second City Court, retired effective December 31, 2012 and was replaced by Judge E. "Teena" Anderson-Trahan effective January 1, 2013. Judge Michael Bagneris resigned effective December 11, 2013 and will be replaced following an election in 2014. The terms of the 10 other judges of Civil District Court expire on December 31, 2014; the terms of the three First City Court judges expire on December 31, 2016; and the term of the Second City Court judge expires on December 31, 2019.

The Judges *En Banc* at a public meeting on December 4, 2012, adopted a budget for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2013. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title 39, section 1305 the budget is prepared by function and character. Management's Discussion and Analysis compares the budget with actual results and discusses the reasons for the major variances. The budget-to-actual financial statement appears as part of the basic financial restatements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

One major impact of Act 621 of 2006 is the creation of the Clerk's Salary Fund which is funded by part of the filing fees collected by the Clerk of Civil District Court. This Act has also significantly changed the component units of the Judicial Expense Fund. This has resulted in great change to the revenue and expenses of the fund.

Capital Improvement Projects

A grant from the Supreme Court of Louisiana has funded a project to digitalize court records and improve technology. This project will continue in 2014.

Investments

Currently, idle funds are invested only in two money market accounts. Note 2 describes the risks associated with these invested funds.

Risk Management

The Judges *En Banc* manage the Judicial Expense Fund's risks by purchasing commercial insurance policies, including coverage for general liability, property, crime, errors and omissions,

professional liability, and workers compensation. Please see Note 7 for information on when liabilities are recorded in the financial statements.

Pensions

As is described in detail in Note 3, employees of the Judicial Expense Fund participate in one of three multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plans, depending on the employee's job. The Judicial Expense Fund does not guarantee the benefits issued by any of these three pension plans. The employer contribution rates for all three pensions increased in 2012. Note 3 contains additional pension information, including employer and employee contribution rates for 2013.

Postemployment Benefits

In June, 2004 the GASB issued Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Judicial Expense Fund implemented this Statement in 2004, four years earlier than the required implementation date. Note 11 provides greater detail about postemployment benefits and the actuary's report.

Acknowledgments

I express my appreciation to Traci Dias, Judicial Administrator, the Judges *En Banc*, Parochial Officials and their respective staff members for their support in preparing this report. I would also like to thank the staff of the Judicial Expense Fund for their hard work and contributions.

Sincerely,

Anne W. Castjohn, CPA, CGFM, MPA

Chief Accountant

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

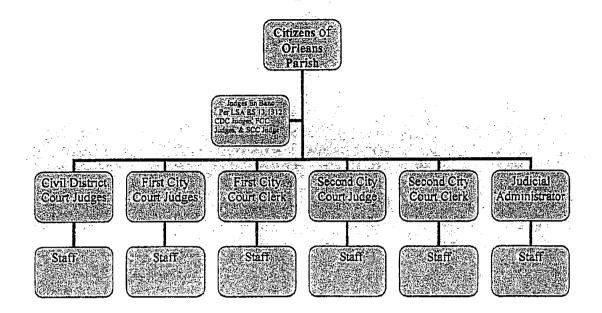
PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

2013 JUDGES EN BANC

Judge's Name	Court	<u>Division</u>
Tiffany Chase	Civil District Court	Α
Regina Bartholomew	Civil District Court	В
Sidney H. Cates, IV	Civil District Court	С
Lloyd J. Medley, Jr.	Civil District Court	D
Clare Jupiter	Civil District Court	E
Christopher Bruno	Civil District Court	F
Robin M. Giarrusso	Civil District Court	G
Vacant*	Civil District Court	н Н
Piper D. Griffin	Civil District Court	- t .
Paula Brown	Civil District Court	J
Bernadette D'Souza	Civil District Court	K
Kern A. Reese	Civil District Court	L
Paulette R. Irons	Civil District Court	M
Ethel Simms Julien	Civil District Court	N
Monique G. Morial	First City Court	Section A
Angelique A. Reed	First City Court	В
Veronica Henry	First City Court	С
E. "Teena" Anderson-Trahan	Second City Court	
	2013 PAROCHIAL OFFIC	CIALS
Ellen M. Hazeur	Clerk of First City Cou	ert
Darren Lombard	Clerk of Second City (Court

^{*}Judge Michael G Bagneris resigned effective December 11, 2013 and his replacement will be elected in 2014.

Judicial Expense Fund for Civil District Court, Parish of Orleans Organizational Chart.



FINANCIAL SECTION





Member
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
Society of Louisiana
Certified Public Accountants

Alcide J. Tervalon, Jr., CPA Waldo J. Moret, Jr., CPA Paul K. Andoh, Sr., CPA Joseph A. Akanji, CPA

(Retired) Michael B. Bruno, CPA (2011)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Judges of the
Judicial Expense Fund for the
Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans,
also including First and Second City Courts
for the Parish of Orleans
New Orleans, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activity and major fund of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans also including the First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Judicial Expense Fund), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Judicial Expense Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Honorable Judges of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, also including First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans and Clerk of the First City Court for the Parish of Orleans for 2013, whose fiscal operations, pursuant to LSA-R.S. 13.1312, are managed by **the Judicial Expense Fund**. The statements for the Clerk of the First City Court for the Parish of Orleans reflect total assets of \$54,955,717 and collections of \$235,844 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Total assets for the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans for 2013 were \$756,713 and total revenue was \$66,042 for the year then ended December 31, 2013.

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, and the Clerk of First City Court for the Parish of Orleans is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

The Honorable Judges of the
Judicial Expense Fund for the
Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans,
also including First and Second City Courts
for the Parish of Orleans
New Orleans, Louisiana

Auditors' Responsibility, Continued

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Judicial Expense Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activity, and major fund of **the Judicial Expense Fund**, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Honorable Judges of the
Judicial Expense Fund for the
Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans,
also including First and Second City Courts
for the Parish of Orleans
New Orleans, Louisiana

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 13 through 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Judges of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, also including First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans
New Orleans, Louisiana

Other Matters, Continued

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming our opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise **the Judicial Expense Fund's** basic financial statements. Schedules I, II, and III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Schedules I, II and III are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Schedules I, II and III are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Judges of the
Judicial Expense Fund for the
Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans,
also including First and Second City Courts
for the Parish of Orleans
New Orleans, Louisiana

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2014 on our consideration of the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bruno & Terralon LLP

BRUNO & TERVALON LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

New Orleans, Louisiana

June 30, 2014

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction to the Two Types of Financial Statements

This section of the Judicial Expense Fund's annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of its performance as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Judicial Expense Fund has only one fund, the General Fund, and engages in only one type of activity, a governmental activity of a specific-purpose government. The fund financial statements (Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance) show the results of operations and financial position using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting, emphasizing the change in fund balance as a result of the current year's operations as well as the amount of resources available to spend. The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities), show the results of operations and financial position using the *total economic resources* measurement focus and the *accrual* basis of accounting, which emphasize the long-term financial picture and are very similar to the financial statements of private-sector for-profit enterprises.

The difference in measurement focus affects the types of transactions and events that are reported in the operating statement. Specifically, since fund statements are concerned with only current financial resources, noncurrent assets and liabilities are not shown on the Balance Sheet, and their related expenses are not reflected in the operating statements; government-wide financial statements include noncurrent assets and liabilities and their related expenses. For the Judicial Expense Fund at the fund level, the full purchase price of capital assets, net of retirements (\$182,862 in 2013 and \$27,116 in 2012) has been recorded as expenditures on the operating statement in the year of purchase, since available financial resources have been decreased (cash has been spent to purchase the asset). In contrast, since the government-wide statements focus on total economic resources, capital assets are shown as noncurrent assets on the Statement of Net Position (with their related accumulated depreciation), and a portion of their purchase price has been allocated as depreciation expense on the Statement of Activities, as is the practice in private-sector enterprises. On the liability side, the fund-level Balance Sheet excludes noncurrent liabilities (\$2,699,492 in 2013 and \$2,390,036 in 2012), but the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes these liabilities, as they will be paid sometime in the future and thus affect total economic resources, although not current financial resources.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Introduction to the Two Types of Financial Statements, Continued

The second difference between fund and government-wide financial statements is the basis of accounting, or the timing of the recognition of transactions and events. Fund statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes revenues when they are earned, only so long as they are collectible within the fiscal period, and expenditures when they are due (hence the elimination of long-term liabilities from the Balance Sheet). The government-wide financial statements use the full accrual basis of accounting: revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the receipt or disbursement. In layman's terms, fund financial statements focus on the current fiscal year, and the resources that are available and spendable, and government-wide statements focus on the overall economic position, both short and long term. Chart 1 summarizes these differences.

CHART 1:

Overview of Difference in Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements

	<u>Fund</u>	Government-Wide
Statement of Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position
Statement of Operations	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Activities
Measurement focus	Current financial resources	Total economic resources
Basis of accounting	Modified accrual	Accrual

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

CHART 1:

Overview of Difference in Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

	Fund	Government-Wide
Capital Assets	Full purchase price is expensed in the year of purchase in the operating statement; not recorded on the Balance Sheet	Full purchase price is recorded as a capital asset on the Statement of Net Position; depreciation expense for the current fiscal year is recorded in the Statement of Activities; total accumulated depreciation expense is shown on the Statement of Net Position; the related expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities
Noncurrent liabilities	Not shown on the Balance Sheet; the related expenditure is not recorded in the operating statement until the expenditure has occurred	Shown on the Statement of Net Position; the related expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities
Depreciation expense	Not recorded	Recorded in the Statement of Activities
Accumulated depreciation	Not recorded	Shown on the Statement of Net Position

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Overview of Difference in Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

The presentation of the two sets of financial statements is also different. On the fund level, the Balance Sheet shows Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance, with a reconciliation to the net position figure which appears at the bottom of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All assets and liabilities on the Balance Sheet are current. The government-wide Statement of Net Position shows assets and liabilities, separated into current and noncurrent, and Net Position (the difference between the two). All of the Judicial Expense Fund's net position except for the amount invested in capital assets are unrestricted.

A significant difference lies in the presentation of the operating statement. The fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance lists revenues followed by the detailed list of expenditures (separated into direct and indirect) and ends with the fund balance reconciliation. This familiar statement answers the question, "Did this year's operations increase or decrease fund balance?" (available financial resources). The L-shaped government-wide Statement of Activities, which is read across then down, answers the question "How much did it cost to provide this service?" so it begins with the expenses of each function, followed by program revenues (the specific revenues provided by users of the services), to derive at net program (expenses) revenue (the difference between program revenues and expenses). Reading down the net column, general revenues are added to calculate the change in net position, which is reconciled to net position at the end of the year. The four functions of the Judicial Expense Fund are (1) the eleven divisions of Civil District Court; (2) three sections of First City Court; (3) Second City Court; and (4) three divisions of Domestic Support. General and administrative costs are allocated to the first three of four functions based on that function's percent of total revenues derived from filing fees.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Using this Annual Report

The Judicial Expense Fund's annual report consists of financial statements that show information about the Judicial Expense Fund's General Fund at the fund level, Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities at the government-wide level.

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis. That opinion is unmodified with respect to the basic financial statements. Varying degrees of assurances are being provided by the auditor regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

How 2013 Compares with 2012 - Statement of Net Position

Chart 2 provides condensed information from the Statement of Net Position for 2013 and 2012.

CHART 2: Statement of Net Position Comparative Data

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	Variance Increase (Decrease) Amounts	Variance Increase (Decrease) Percent (%)
Capital assets, net Other assets	\$ 406,680 3,959,575	\$ 360,485 3,842,536	\$ 46,195 _117,039	12.8 3.0
Total assets	4,366,255	4,203,021	163,234	3.9
Noncurrent liabilities Other liabilities	2,699,492 636,715	2,390,036 638,148	309,456 (1,433)	12.9 (.20)
Total liabilities	3,336,207	3,028,184	308,023	10.2
Deferred outflows of resources	_140,494		_140,494	100.0
Total net position	\$ <u>889,554</u>	\$ <u>1.174,837</u>	\$ <u>(285,283</u>)	(24.3)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

How 2013 Compares with 2012 - Statement of Net Position, Continued

Capital assets increased from 2012 to 2013 because depreciation expense for 2013 of \$136,667 was less than the \$182,862 increase in purchases of capital assets. Notes 1 and 4 include details on all of the Judicial Expense Fund's capital assets.

The main components of other assets are cash and accounts receivable. Cash decreased by \$218,010 due to an increase in accounts receivables. Current liabilities increased due to increases in accounts payable and salaries payable. Further, noncurrent liabilities increased due to the impact of postemployment benefits.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

How 2013 compares with 2012 - Statement of Activities

Chart 3 below gives comparative data from the Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

CHART 3: Statement of Activities Comparative Data

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	Variance Increase (Decrease) Amounts	Variance Increase (Decrease) Percent (%)
Revenues:				
Program revenues	\$7,729,304	\$6,926,213	\$ 803,091	11.6
General revenues	<u>1,566,959</u>	<u>1,475,515</u>	91,444	6.2
Total revenues	9,296,263	8,401,728	894,535	10.6
Expenses:				
Civil District Court	5,258,199	5,006,576	251,623	5.0
First City Court	2,865,455	2,729,391	136,064	5.0
Second City Court	596,730	602,387	(5,657)	(0.9)
Domestic support	<u>861,162</u>	<u>818.597</u>	42,565	5.2
Total expenses	<u>9,581,546</u>	9,156,951	424,595	4.6
Change in net position	(285,283)	(755,223)	<u>(469,940</u>)	62.2
Net position, beginning of year	1,174,837	1,930,060	<u>(755,223</u>)	39.0
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>889,554</u>	\$ <u>1,174,837</u>	\$ <u>(285,283</u>)	(24.3)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Budgetary Comparison

Chart 4 below shows the amounts for the original budget, final budget, and actual results for 2013 and 2012.

CHART 4: 2013 and 2012 Budgetary Comparison Data

	2013		2013		20)12
	Original <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Actual		
Revenues	\$ <u>9,241,066</u>	\$ <u>9,296,263</u>	\$ <u>8,888,583</u>	\$ <u>8,401,728</u>		
Total revenues	9,241,066	9,296,263	8,888,583	_8,401,728		
Operating expenditures Capital expenditures	9,178,353 48,875	9,135,424 182,862	10,696,337 400,000	9,025,548 27,116		
Total expenditures	9,227,228	9,318,286	11,096,337	9,052,664		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	13,838	(22,023)	(2,207,754)	(650,936)		
Other financing sources (uses)	0-		2,207,754			
Change in fund balance	\$13,838	\$ <u>(22,023</u>)	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>(650,936</u>)		

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Significant Events

The Judicial Expense Fund does not have any infrastructure assets. Long-term debt is a small lease and a retirement escrow which are discussed in NOTE 1 and a related party liability discussed in NOTE 11. Since the Judicial Expense Fund has only one fund, the General Fund, no fund analysis is necessary as this entire discussion pertains to this single general fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the finances of the Judicial Expense Fund for all those interested in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Judicial Expense Fund, 421 Loyola Avenue, Room 320, New Orleans, LA 70112.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS

	Governmental <u>Activity</u>
Current Assets: Cash (NOTE 2) Accounts receivable (NOTE 5)	\$2,639,561 1,129,484
Interest receivable (NOTE 6) Prepaid items	118,571
Total current assets	<u>3,959,575</u>
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (NOTE 4)	406,680
Total noncurrent assets	406,680
Total assets	4,366,255

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2013

LIABILITIES

	Governmental <u>Activity</u>
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 474,228
Salaries and benefits payable	148,129
Compensated absences	<u> 14,358</u>
Total current liabilities	636,715
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Atkins retirement escrow (NOTE 11)	3,780
Other noncurrent liabilities (NOTE 11)	1,358,672
Unfunded postemployment benefits (NOTES 10 and 11)	<u>1,337.040</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,699,492
Total liabilities	<u>3,336,207</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred grant revenues	140,494
Total deferred inflows of resources	140,494
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	406,680
Unrestricted	482,874
Total net position	\$ <u>889,554</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

<u>Functions</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	Program F Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position
Civil District Court First City Court Second City Court	\$5,258,199 2,865,455 596,730	\$4,848,322 1,890,365 228,343	\$389,275 138,076 16,814	\$ (20,602) (837,014) (351,573)
Domestic support Total	<u>861,162</u> \$ <u>9,581,546</u>	218,109 \$ <u>7,185,139</u>	<u>-0</u> - \$ <u>544.165</u>	<u>(643,053)</u> (1,852,242)
General Revenues: Interest income Other income		·		121,454 <u>1,445,505</u>
Total general revenues				1,566,959
Change in net position				(285,283)
Net position, beginning of year				1,174,837
Net position, end of year				\$ <u>889.554</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS

Cash Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Clerk's Benefit Fund receivable Clerk's Salary Fund receivable, net	\$ 2,639,561 264,501 118,571 71,959 75,360 		
Total assets	3,959,575		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Salaries and benefits payable Compensated absences Deferred revenues	474,228 148,129 14,358 140,494		
Total liabilities	777,209		
FUND BALANCE			
Unassigned fund balance Nonspendable fund balance	2,703,727 478,639		
Total fund balance	3,182,366		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund at the fund level.	406,680		
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund at the fund level.	<u>(2,699,492)</u>		
Net position	\$ <u>889,554</u>		

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

REVENUES	
Filing fees, net	\$6,967,030
Interest income	121,454
Grant income	544,165
Domestic support	218,109
Other income	<u>1,445,505</u>
Total revenues	<u>9,296,263</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Direct:	
Salaries	5,589,571
Employee benefits	2,436,997
Court stenographer and interpreter fees	5,633
Total direct expenditures	<u>8,032,201</u>
Indirect:	
Books, printing and copying	134,967
Building and personnel security	136,506
Communication	188,095
Facilities	43,460
Furniture and equipment maintenance	147,045
Insurance	103,451
Office supplies and expenditures	112,157
Postage and courier	43,952
Professional services	122,800
Other expenditures	<u>6,129</u>
Page total	1,038,562

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--GOVERNMENTAL FUND, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

EXPENDITURES,	CONTINUED
EAPENDII UKES.	CONTINUED

Indirect, Continued: Professional education and dues Capital expenditures	\$ 64,661
Total indirect expenditures	1,286,085
Total expenditures	9.318,286
Change in fund balance	(22,023)
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,204,389
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>3,182,366</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Change in fund balance

\$(22,023)

Governmental funds record expenditures
when they are due. However, the Statement
of Activities, recognizes expenses when incurred
regardless of the timing of the disbursement.

(309,455)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays, net of retirements exceed accumulated depreciation in the current period.

46,195

Change in net position

\$(285,283)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CLERK OF THE SECOND CITY COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS		CLERK OF THE FIRST CITY COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS	
	REGISTRY OF COURT FUND	GARNISHMENT <u>DEPOSIT FUND</u>	REGISTRY OF COURT FUND	GARNISHMENT DEPOSIT FUND
Assets:	440.046	*	0050 405	6.40.4 ###0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>49,946</u>	\$ <u>37,525</u>	\$ <u>272,135</u>	\$ <u>484,578</u>
Total assets	<u>49,946</u>	<u>37,525</u>	<u>272,135</u>	<u>484,578</u>
Liabilities and Net Position:				
Liabilities:				
Undistributed interest	-0-	-0-	13,223	124,006
Due to Judicial Expense Fund	17,101	-0-	-0-	-0-
Due to litigants and others	<u>32,845</u>	<u>37,525</u>	<u>258,912</u>	<u>360,572</u>
Total liabilities	<u>49,946</u>	<u>37,525</u>	<u>272,135</u>	<u>484,578</u>
Net position	\$ <u>0-</u>	\$ <u>O-</u>	\$ <u>0-</u>	\$ <u> -0-</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

	FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS			
Assets:	REGISTRY/ GARNISHMENT FUND	APPEALS FUND	TOTAL	
Assets.				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>53,457,033</u>	\$ <u>1,498,684</u>	\$ <u>54,955,717</u>	
Total assets	53,457,033	<u>1,498,684</u>	<u>54,955,717</u>	
Liabilities and Net Position:				
Liabilities:				
Deposits by litigants and interest credited	P53 677 575	¢1 457 220	Φ <i>EE</i> 124 9Ω2	
Unreconciled litigant balances	\$53,677,575 (338,464)	\$1,457,228 -0-	\$55,134,803 (338,464)	
Escrow for Pre 1990 litigant	(330,404)	-0-	(330,404)	
deposits	-0-	41,456	41,456	
Due to Judicial Expense Fund	<u> 117,922</u>		117.922	
Total liabilities	53,457,033	1,498,684	54,955,717	
Net position	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CLERK OF THE SECOND CITY COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS		CLERK OF THE FIRST CITY COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS	
	REGISTRY OF COURT FUND	GARNISHMENT <u>DEPOSIT FUND</u>	REGISTRY OF COURT FUND	GARNISHMENT DEPOSIT FUND
Additions				
Court costs, charges and fees collected	\$279,389	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Constable, transcript and other fees collected	8,128	-0-	-0-	-0-
Garnishment deposits	-0-	1,650	-0-	-0-
Interest earnings	20	21	412	715
Collections on behalf of litigants or upon court order	6,041		49,729	<u>15,186</u>
Total additions	<u>293,578</u>	<u>1,671</u>	50,141	<u> 15,901</u>
Reductions				
Fees, court costs, charges and interest earnings				
distributed to Judicial Expense Fund	252,734	-0-	-0-	-0-
Constable, transcript and other fees paid	8,128	-0-	-0-	-0-
Payments to litigants or upon court order	6,041	-0-	75,860	1,499
Garnishment deposits, distributions to			•	
respondents and refunds	-0-	1,650	-0-	-0-
Transfers to Capital Improvement Fund	-0-	-0-	412	716
Other reductions	300	<u>135</u>	0-	
Total reductions	<u>267,203</u>	<u>1,785</u>	76,272	2,215
Increase (decrease)	26,375	(114)	(26,131)	13,686
Total liabilities, beginning of year	23,571	<u>37,639</u>	298,266	470,892
Total liabilities, end of year	\$ <u>49,946</u>	\$ <u>37,525</u>	\$ <u>272,135</u>	\$ <u>484,578</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT			
	FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS REGISTRY/			
	GARNISHMENT	APPEALS		
	FUND	<u>FUND</u>	TOTAL	
Additions				
Interest earnings	\$ <u>235,844</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>235,844</u>	
Total additions	_235.844	0-	235,844	
Reductions				
Transfer to Judicial Expense Fund	117,922	-0-	117,922	
Transfers to Registry Fund	117,922	-0-	117,922	
Changes in unreconciled litigant deposits	130,333	0-	130,333	
Total reductions	366,177	0-	366,177	
Increase (decrease)	(130,333)	-0-	(130,333)	
Net position, beginning of year	_130,333	0-	130.333	
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX

		PAGE
NOTE 1 -	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: Background The Financial Reporting Entity Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements General Fund Capital Assets Budgets and Budgetary Accounting Compensated Absences Additional Operating Expenses Use of Estimates Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 25 and 27 Prepaid Items	35 35 37 38 40 41 41 41 42 42
NOTE 2 -	CASH AND TEMPORARY CASH INVESTMENTS	43
NOTE 3 -	PENSION PLANS	44
NOTE 4 -	CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	49
NOTE 5 -	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	51
NOTE 6 -	REGISTRY OF COURT FUNDS	51

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX, CONTINUED

		PAGE
NOTE 7 -	OPERATING LEASES	52
NOTE 8 -	RISK MANAGEMENT	52
NOTE 9 -	CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK	53
NOTE 10 -	POSTEMPLOYMENT RETIREMENT BENEFITS	53
NOTE 11 -	CHANGES IN NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	57
NOTE 12 -	PAYMENTS TO THE CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT OPERATIONAL FUND	57
NOTE 13 -	INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING	57
NOTE 14 -	COMMITMENTS	58

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Background

The Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans (the Judicial Expense Fund) is designated by LSA-R.S. 13:1312 as the managing entity for fiscal operations of the Clerks of the First and Second City Courts of the City of New Orleans.

The judges of the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans and the judges of the First and Second City Courts of the City of New Orleans, sitting *En Banc* as set forth in LSA-R.S. 13:1312, have sole responsibility and oversight for the Judicial Expense Fund. This responsibility and oversight includes control over all revenues deposited into the Judicial Expense Fund by the aforementioned courts and offices, all disbursements made by the Judicial Expense Fund, the setting of all fees charged by the courts and offices comprising the Judicial Expense Fund, and the determination of expenses related to the operations of such courts and offices.

The accounting policies of the Judicial Expense Fund conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental agencies. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

The Financial Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as subsequently amended by GASB No. 39 *The Financial Reporting Entity*, established standards for defining and reporting on the financial entity. GASB Statement No. 14 indicates the focal point for identifying the financial reporting entity is the primary government, which is considered to be any state government or general purpose local government or a special purpose government that meets all of the following criteria: a) has a separately elected governing body; b) is legally separate; and c) is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>, Continued:

The Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

On June 23, 2006, the Louisiana State Legislature enacted Act 621 of the Louisiana 2006 regular session to create the 41st Judicial District Court. Included in the provisions for the Act was the collection and allocation of fees to the Judicial Expense Fund and the Clerk of the Civil District Court's Salary Fund. Specifically, the Act provides for the collection of fees and the deposit of a minimum of 50% of those funds in the Clerk of the Civil District Court and balance with the Judicial Expense Fund.

Management of the Judicial Expense Fund has determined that the Clerk of Civil District Court - Salary Fund is not a component unit of the Judicial Expense Fund because in management's opinion, it has a separately elected governing body; legally separate, and is fiscally independent of the Judicial Expense Fund.

As previously discussed, state statute established the Judicial Expense Fund as the managing entity for fiscal operations of the Judicial Expense Fund which is separate and independent of any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB Statement Nos. 14 and 39.

In addition, the Judicial Expense Fund is financially independent of other governments. Although the Judicial Expense Fund conducts its business from a building provided by the City of New Orleans, as discussed in NOTE 4, this support is considered incidental in relation to the Judicial Expense Fund's total revenues and expenditures, and in view of the additions and improvements made to this building by the Judicial Expense Fund from its operating revenues over the term of its occupancy, which total in excess of \$4,210,338 through the year ended December 31, 2013.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

The Financial Reporting Entity, Continued

Accordingly, management has concluded that **the Judicial Expense Fund** is the financial reporting entity within the meaning of the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 14 and 39.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the Judicial Expense Fund. The Judicial Expense Fund is considered to be a governmental activity of a special-purpose government.

The Judicial Expense Fund's Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of a given function are offset by function revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Indirect costs are included in expenses reported by function. Program revenues include filing and remote access fees and operating grants.

Separate financial statements are provided for the Judicial Expense Fund's governmental fund. The Judicial Expense Fund's government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, **the Judicial Expense Fund** considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The Judicial Expense Fund reports its governmental fund as follows:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the Judicial Expense Fund.

The operations of the General Fund are comprised of the General Fund's assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, as related to the fiscal operations of the Clerks of the Civil District Court, First City Court, and Second City Court.

Pursuant to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions fund balance is reported as nonspendable and unassigned. The nonspendable classification is associated with amounts considered nonspendable such as capital assets, prepaid assets, etc. The unassigned classification represent amounts not restricted or committed.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>, Continued:

General Fund, Continued

Salaries of the judges of the Civil District Court, which are paid directly by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, are not included in the financial statements presented herein since such salaries are earned by the respective judges for serving in their capacities as state judges and not for compensation in their roles as management of **the Judicial Expense Fund**.

The judges receive no compensation for serving in their capacity as Judges En Banc of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Parish of Orleans.

Additionally, the Judicial Expense Fund has no authority in the determination of these salary amounts or the duties of these individuals in their capacities as state judges. For the same reasons, certain expenditures incurred by these judges and paid directly by the Supreme Court of Louisiana are likewise excluded from these financial statements. Also, salaries of the judges of the First and Second City Courts are paid jointly by the Supreme Court of Louisiana and the Judicial Expense Fund (pursuant to LSA-R.S. 13:2152). For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Judicial Expense Fund paid \$95,985 each to four (4) City Judges. The total paid for all city court judges' salaries was \$383,939.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Capital Assets

The Judicial Expense Fund's capitalization policy requires that all single assets costing \$1,500 or more be capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. Single assets costing less than \$1,500 are expensed. All assets, regardless of cost, are tracked. The straight-line method of depreciation is used for all classes of capital assets, and the allocation of depreciation expense begins on the first day of the quarter in which the capital asset is purchased. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of their useful lives or lease period. Based on its own experience, the Judicial Expense Fund established the following estimated useful lives for each asset class:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives in Years
	_
Computer Equipment	5
Computer Software	5
Office Equipment	5
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Leasehold Improvements	3

All capital assets acquired or donated are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Judges *En Banc* at a public meeting on December 4, 2012, adopted a budget for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Further, the Judges *En Banc* at a public meeting held on December 3, 2013, adopted a budget for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014.

The budget of the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except for the accounting for capital assets and long-term debt.

Compensated Absences

Employees who work in the offices of the Clerk of First City Court earn vacation and personal leave on the anniversary of their employment date. At year end there were employees who had earned accrued leave that was unpaid at December 31, 2013. This accrued leave will be paid within the next year. Accrued leave earned but unused by those employees at December 31, 2013 has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Additional Operating Expenses

It is **the Judicial Expense Fund's** policy to limit expenses by each division of the Court for additional operating expenses. Such expenses may be made at the discretion of each presiding divisional judge in accordance with specific guidelines established by **the Judicial Expense Fund** as to the purpose for which these expenses may be used and only for such expenses supported by proper documentation.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>, Continued:

Additional Operating Expenses, Continued

The specific guidelines established by **the Judicial Expense Fund** permit use of such amounts for expenses directly associated with or incidental to legal or judicial matters and functions. These expenses are included in the General Fund of the accompanying financial statements of **the Judicial Expense Fund**.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 25 and 27

In November 1994, the GASB issued Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers. As such, the Judicial Expense Fund's financial statements reflect the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 2 - Cash:

Cash includes amounts in demand deposit accounts.

At December 31, 2013, the carrying amounts of **the Judicial Expense Fund's** deposits were \$2,639,561 and the bank balance was \$2,687,741. Of these amounts, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder collateralized by a pledge of securities in the joint name of **the Judicial Expense Fund** and the financial institution and held in safekeeping by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston and JP Morgan Chase.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the financial institution, the Judicial Expense Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Judicial Expense Fund has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Nevertheless, none of the Judicial Expense Fund's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk, since the pledged securities were in the joint name of the Judicial Expense Fund and the financial institution and were held in safekeeping by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston.

Louisiana state law allows for the investment of excess funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit of state or national banks having their principal office in Louisiana, or any other federally insured investment.

State law also requires that all deposits be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the entity or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the entity.

Deposits in excess of FDIC insurance were collateralized by the securities previously described.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 3 - Pension Plans:

Plan Description

The Judicial Expense Fund does not maintain a separate pension plan for its employees. However, its employees are eligible to participate in various multiple-employer (cost-sharing) defined benefit plans provided by the state or city governments and substantially all of the Judicial Expense Fund's employees are covered by one of the available plans.

The respective plan benefits provisions are established and amended under the following statutes:

<u>Plan</u>	Louisiana Revised Statute
Louisiana State Employees'	
Retirement System - Employees	11:401-542
Louisiana State Employees'	
Retirement System - Judges	11:401-571
Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement	
and Relief Fund	11:1501-1578
Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and	
Relief Fund	11:2171-2184

Generally, eligibility to participate in one of the plans commences with fulltime permanent employment and, in some instances, is subject to certain age and earning requirements.

Vesting of full benefits is subject to various years of required service, generally ranging from twelve to thirty years and, in some instances, may require attainment of a minimum age.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 3 - Pension Plans, Continued:

Plan Description, Continued

Annual retirement benefits under the plans are generally stipulated as a percentage of a participant's defined annual compensation for each year of service. In certain instances, the resulting amount may be increased by a fixed amount. In most cases, annual retirement benefits may not exceed 100% of the participant's defined annual compensation. The plans issue publicly available reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained via contact as follows:

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

8401 United Plaza Blvd.

Baton Rouge, LA 70804-4213

Telephone: (800) 256-3000

Fax:

(225) 922-0614

Website:

www.lasers.state.la.us

Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund

11745 Bricksome Avenue -- Suite B-1

Baton Rouge, LA 70816

Telephone: (800) 256-6660

Fax:

(225) 291-7424

Website:

www.laclerksofcourt.org

Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund

1225 Nicholson Drive

Baton Rouge, LA 70802-7537 Telephone: (225) 219-0500

Fax:

(225) 219-0521

Website:

www.lsprf.com

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 3 - Pension Plans, Continued:

Funding Policy

Under the terms of the various plans, employees contribute a specified percentage of their gross earnings and the Judicial Expense Fund also contributes a specified percentage.

Those plans in which the employees of the Judicial Expense Fund participate and the specified contribution percentages at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	<u>Period</u>	Contribution Employee (%)	Percentages Employer (%)
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement	01/01-06/30	7.50	25.60
System (LASERS) - Employees	07/01-12/31	7.50	29.10
Employees hired after 7/1/06	07/01-12/31	8.00	25.60
	01/01-06/30	8.00	29.10
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement	01/01-06/30	11.50	31.60
System (LASERS) - Judges	07/01-12/31	11.50	34.80
Judges hired in 2010	01/01-06/30	13.00	20.20
Judges hired in 2010	07/01-12/31	13.00	28.20
	01/01 06/20	0.05	1.7.0.5
Louisiana Clerks' Retirement and Relief	01/01-06/30	8.25	17.25
Fund (LCRRF)	07/01-12/31	8.25	17.25
Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief	01/01-06/30	10.00	12.00
Fund (LSPRF)	07/01-12/31	10.00	12.50
Land (TOLVI.)	07/01-12/31	10.00	12.50

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 3 - Pension Plans, Continued:

Funding Policy, Continued

The amounts of the most recently actuarially determined employer contribution as a percentage of covered compensation for each plan for the year ended 2013 amounted to:

LASERS Judges hired before 2010	34.80%
LASERS Judges hired in 2010	28.20%
LASERS all others	29.10%
Clerks	17.25%
Sheriffs	12.50%

Benefits granted by the retirement systems are guaranteed by the State of Louisiana. **The Judicial Expense Fund** does not guarantee the benefits granted by the retirement systems.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 3 - Pension Plans, Continued:

Funding Policy, Continued

The total covered payroll of the Judicial Expense Fund for 2013 amounted to \$5,582,586. The Judicial Expense Fund's contributions to the retirement system and the total covered payrolls by each retirement system are as follows:

	<u>LASERS</u>	<u>Clerks</u>	Sheriffs	<u>Total</u>
Total payroll covered	\$ <u>3.067,790</u>	\$ <u>1,758,964</u>	\$ <u>755,832</u>	\$ <u>5,582,586</u>
Employer contribution	\$ <u>935.937</u>	\$ <u>313,555</u>	\$ <u>102,441</u>	\$ <u>1,351,933</u>
Aggregate pension costs	\$ <u>1,181,847</u>	\$ <u>440,687</u>	\$ <u>176.947</u>	\$ <u>1,799,481</u>

Aggregate pension costs for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$1,799,481. For 2013, actual contributions from the Judicial Expense Fund to each of the three pension plans were 100% of the required contributions.

In accordance with LSA-R.S. 11:1563, if at any time monies in the State Fund are not sufficient to pay each retiree and beneficiary, the full amount to which he/she is entitled, equal percentages of the full amount shall be paid to each retiree and beneficiary until the fund is replenished so as to warrant resumption of the payment of the full amount to each retiree and beneficiary.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 4 - Capital Assets, Net:

The following is a summary of capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions	Balance December 31, 2013
Computer equipment	\$1,586,113	\$167,849	\$1,753,962
Computer software	1,749,921	-0-	1,749,921
Office equipment	212,422	11,927	224,349
Furniture and fixtures	72,196	3,086	75,282
Leasehold improvements	<u>26,933</u>		26,933
	3,647,585	182,862	3,830,447
Less: accumulated			
depreciation	3,287,100	136.667	<u>3,423,767</u>
Net	\$ <u>360,485</u>	\$ <u>46,195</u>	\$ <u>406,680</u>

Depreciation expense charged to each function for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Civil District Court	\$ 95,122
First City Court	37,035
Second City Court	4,510
Total	\$136,66 <u>7</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 4 - Capital Assets, Net, Continued:

An analysis of changes in accumulated depreciation and amortization by asset classification for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2013	<u>Additions</u>	Balance December 31, 2013
Computer equipment	\$1,393,779	\$ 82,322	\$1,476,101
Computer software	1,639,160	29,541	1,668,701
Office equipment	164,716	21,734	186,450
Furniture and fixtures	69,398	1,620	71,018
Leasehold improvements	20,047	<u>1,450</u>	21,497
Total	\$ <u>3,287,100</u>	\$ <u>136,667</u>	\$ <u>3,423,767</u>

The building, which the Judicial Expense Fund occupies and uses to conduct its operations is owned by the City of New Orleans. Although the Judicial Expense Fund does not pay rent to the City, the Judicial Expense Fund has made additions and improvements to the building during its term of occupancy.

These additions and improvements are not included in the capital assets since the Judicial Expense Fund does not own the building. Such building additions and improvements funded from operations of the Judicial Expense Fund over its term of occupancy amount to \$4,210,333 through December 31, 2013. Building additions and improvements made for the year ended December 31, 2013 amounted to \$15,151 are included in the accompanying financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 5 - Accounts Receivable:

At December 31, 2013, accounts receivable are as follows:

Clerk's Benefit Fund receivable	\$	75,360
Clerk's Salary Fund receivable, net		789,623
Other	_	<u>264,501</u>

\$1,129,484

NOTE 6 - Registry of Court Funds:

The Clerks of Civil District Court, First City Court and Second City. Court each maintain a Registry of Court fund. Parties to litigation in these courts may deposit, or be ordered to deposit, cash or property into these funds in connection with the related litigation. Cash or property so deposited is the property of the litigants and is to be returned or disbursed to them or such other parties as the court may direct upon the conclusion of the litigation.

The Clerk of Civil District Court, the Clerk of First City Court and the Clerk of Second City Court are the custodians of the Registry of Court fund for each respective court. The Clerks generally may only accept deposits into or disburse funds from the Registry of Court fund by order of the respective court.

These funds are subject to an annual audit by independent auditors who issue a separate report thereon.

With respect to the Registry of Court funds of the Civil District Court, LSA-R.S. 13:1305 authorizes the investment of these funds into interest-bearing accounts. The statute also provides that one-half of the interest earned shall be credited to the litigants' deposits and one-half shall be remitted to **the Judicial Expense** Fund as reimbursement for administrative costs associated with the Registry of Court funds.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 6 - Registry of Court Funds, Continued:

Interest earned and due to the Judicial Expense Fund at December 31, 2013 amounted to \$118,571 and is included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 7 - Operating Leases:

The Judicial Expense Fund is committed under various leases for office equipment and storage which expire in varying periods through 2015. The leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$68,285.

Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	<u>Amount</u>
2014 2015	\$68,285 23,505
Total	\$91,790

NOTE 8 - Risk Management:

The Judicial Expense Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, or damage to and destruction of assets for which the Judicial Expense Fund carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, no insurance settlements exceeded the amount of insurance coverage.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 9 - Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Judicial Expense Fund's principal source of revenues consists mainly of filing fees. If the amount of fees received falls below budgeted levels, the Judicial Expense Fund's operating results could be adversely affected.

NOTE 10 - Postemployment Retirement Benefits:

Plan Description

Employees of the Judicial Expense Fund may voluntarily participate in the State of Louisiana's health insurance plan as provided by LSA-Res. 17:1223 which is administered by the Office of Group Benefits (OGB). Those employees of the Judicial Expense Fund who are plan members become eligible for postemployment medical and life insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Judicial Expense Fund. Currently, the Judicial Expense Fund provides postemployment benefits for retired employees. The Office of Group Benefits issues a separate financial report which may be obtained by contacting them at:

Office of Group Benefits
State of Louisiana
P. O. Box 44036
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804
Phone: (800) 215-1093

Website:

www.groupbenefits.org

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 10 - Postemployment Retirement Benefits, Continued:

Funding Policy

Currently, there are no requirements for employers to contribute to their postemployment benefits plans. In 2003, the Judicial Expense Fund recognized the cost of providing these benefits (the Judicial Expense Fund's portion of premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of postemployment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. It implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, prospectively in 2004 and at that time began to record its portion of premiums as an expense during the period of active service by the employee (normal cost). In 2013 the Judicial Expense Fund's portion of health care, dental and life insurance benefit premiums for both active and retired employees totaled \$875,878.

Required Contribution Rates

Rates are determined by the Office of Group Benefits (OGB) approved by the Louisiana Legislature. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits.

The Judicial Expense Fund's annual medical and life postemployment benefits cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The Judicial Expense Fund's annual required contribution represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period of thirty (30) years for health and life insurance. The total annual required contribution for 2013 was \$759,780, none of which was funded because no trust had been established.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 10 - Postemployment Retirement Benefits, Continued:

Annual Postemployment Benefits Cost and Net Postemployment Benefits Liability

The following table shows the Judicial Expense Fund's annual postemployment benefits for 2013 and changes in the unfunded postemployment benefits liability.

Normal cost	\$ 434,100
30-year actuarial accrued liability	હે
amortization of medical and life insurance	<u>325,680</u>
Annual required contribution	\$ <u>759,780</u>
Annual Postemployment Benefits expense Payments of Retiree Premiums	\$ 759,780 (402,528)
Decrease in Unfunded Postemployment Benefits liability	357,252
Unfunded Postemployment Benefits Liability-January 1, 2013	979,788
Unfunded Postemployment Benefits Liability-December 31, 2013	\$ <u>1,337,040</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 10 - Postemployment Retirement Benefits, Continued:

Annual Postemployment Benefits Cost and Net Postemployment Benefits Liability, Continued

The following table shows the Judicial Expense Fund's annual postemployment benefits cost, percentage of that cost contributed, and the net unfunded postemployment benefits liability:

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	Annual Postemployment Benefits Cost	Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net Unfunded Postemployment Benefits Liability
12/31/04	\$426,186	80.4%	\$ 83,524
12/31/05	426,186	80.4%	83,524
12/31/06	426,186	80.4%	83,523
12/31/07	426,186	85.5%	60,534
12/31/08	545,192	77.3%	132,501
Adjustment	N/A	N/A	181,296
12/31/09	N/A	91.2%	44,955
12/31/10	545,916	88.4%	63,174
12/31/11	307,796	136.2%	(111,510)
12/31/12	759,780	52.8%	358,267
12/31/13	759,780	52.8%	<u>357,252</u>
	Total		\$ <u>1,337,040</u>

Funded Status and Funding Progress

In 2013 the Judicial Expense Fund made no contributions to a postemployment benefits plan trust since such a trust had not been established; the plan was not funded at all, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. Based on OGB's most recently prepared actuarial valuation report, the actuarial accrued liability at June 30, 2012 was \$7,899,120. Information about the nature of the actuarial valuation process, including significant methods and assumptions used are available from the OGB located at page 55 of this report.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 11 - Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities:

The following is a summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Other <u>Liabilities</u>	Postemployment Benefits	Total
Beginning of year Additions Retirements	\$1,410,248 825 <u>48,621</u>	\$ 979,788 357,252 	\$2,390,036 358,077 <u>48,621</u>
End of year	\$ <u>1,362,452</u>	\$ <u>1,337.040</u>	\$ <u>2,699,492</u>

Of the total noncurrent liabilities at December 31, 2013, \$-0- are due within one year of December 31, 2013.

NOTE 12 - Payments to the Clerk of Civil District Court Operational Fund:

Act 621 passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor of the State of Louisiana on June 23, 2006 required the deposit of no less than fifty percent of the filing fees collected pursuant to LSA-R.S.13:1213.1 in the Clerk's operational fund.

NOTE 13 - <u>Intergovernmental Memorandum of Understanding</u>:

On May 1, 2012, the Judicial Expense Fund and the Clerk of Civil District Court (Clerk) executed an agreement acknowledging that a net sum of \$1,435,540 representing all sums or fees collected by the offices of Mortgages and Conveyance, should be transferred to the Clerk.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

NOTE 13 - Intergovernmental Memorandum of Understanding, Continued:

Further, the Clerk agreed that **the Judicial Expense Fund** can repay the amount due the Clerk at a rate of 1% of the amounts paid to the Court as part of its fee split of the filing fees received from Civil filing fees, until said amount is paid in full. In addition, the Judges *En Banc* and the Clerk agreed that this agreement shall continue herein unless compliance with the law or a judicial order or judgment requires a different result.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Judicial Expense Fund executed a Memorandum of Understanding with the Supreme Court of Louisiana. Pursuant to this Memorandum, the Supreme Court provided funds for expenditures relating to the digitalization of the Judicial Expense Fund records.

The Judicial Expense Fund and the Clerk of Civil District Court have revised their Memorandum of Understanding. The revised provisions of the memorandum seek to facilitate the continued efficient and effective delivery of services of the Citizenry of the Parish of Orleans.

NOTE 14 - Commitments:

Pursuant to LSA-R.S. 11:1371, the Judicial Expense Fund is required to make monthly payments to the widow of a former Civil Court judge who served from 1949 until his death in 1970 and was not a member of the judges' retirement system. The payments are to continue for the remaining life of the widow. The annual amount of the payments totaled \$7,200 for 2013, and are reflected as an expense in the accompanying financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Civil District Court	First City Court	Second City Court	Domestic Support	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES					
Filing fees, net	\$4,848,321	\$1,890,365	\$228,344	\$ -0-	\$6,967,030
Interest income	120,578	781	95	-0-	121,454
Grant income	389,275	138,076	16,814	-0-	544,165
Other income	<u>1,012,362</u>	<u>386,183</u>	<u>46,960</u>	<u>218,109</u>	<u>1,663,614</u>
Total revenues	6,370,536	<u>2,415,405</u>	<u>292,213</u>	218,109	<u>9,296,263</u>
DIRECT EXPENSES			•		
Salaries	2,914,900	1,716,974	343,624	614,073	5,589,571
Employee benefits	1,504,169	802,710	194,008	245,565	2,746,452
Court reporters and interpreters	<u>5,510</u>	123		0-	5,633
Total direct expenses	<u>4,424,579</u>	2,519,807	537,632	<u>859,638</u>	8,341,656

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Civil District Court	First City Court	Second City Court	Domestic Support	<u>Total</u>
INDIRECT EXPENSES					
Books, printing and copying	\$ 93,134	\$ 34,073	\$ 7,760	\$ -0-	\$ 134,967
Building and personnel security	95,008	36,993	4,505	-0-	136,506
Communication	146,109	32,951	9,035	-0-	188,095
Depreciation	95,120	37,037	4,510	-0-	136,667
Facilities	10,516	29,478	3,466	-0-	43,460
Furniture, equipment and maintenance	102,800	38,260	5,985	-0-	147,045
Insurance	73,306	26,010	2,611	1,524	103,451
Office supplies and expenses	73,216	33,863	5,078	-0-	112,157
Postage and couriers	25,578	15,141	3,233	-0-	43,952
Professional education and dues	43,435	15,498	5,728	-0-	64,661
Professional services	73,997	41,676	7,127	-0-	122,800
Other expenses	1,401	4,668	60		6,129
Total indirect expenses	833,620	345,648	59,098	1,524	1,239,890
Total expenses	<u>5,258,199</u>	2,865,455	596,730	861,162	9,581,546
Excess revenues (expenses)	\$ <u>1,112,337</u>	\$ <u>(450,050</u>)	\$ <u>(304,517</u>)	(\$ <u>(643,053)</u>)	\$ <u>(285,283</u>)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETED AND ACTUAL

(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

		REVENUES	
	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCES (FAVORABLE) <u>UNFAVORABLE</u>
Filing fees, net Interest revenue Other revenue	\$7,424,515 152,845 <u>1.663.706</u>	\$6,967,030 121,454 <u>2,207,779</u>	\$ 457,485 31,391 (544,073)
Total revenues	<u>9,241,066</u>	9,296,263	(55,197)
	DIR	ECT EXPENDITU	RES
Salaries	5,353,810	5,589,571	235,761
Employee benefits Court reporters and	2,645,714	2,436,997	(208,717)
interpreters Juror meals and	1,954	5,633	3,679
transportation	<u>3,146</u>		(3,146)
Total direct expenditures	<u>8,004,624</u>	<u>8,032,201</u>	<u>(27,577</u>)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETED AND ACTUAL

(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS), CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

	INDIRECT EXPENDITURES		
	BUDGETED <u>ORIGINAL</u>	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCES (FAVORABLE) <u>UNFAVORABLE</u>
Books, printing and copying	\$ 186,161	\$ 134,967	\$(51,194)
Building and personnel	•	•	
security	138,301	136,506	(1,795)
Communication	191,040	188,095	(2,945)
Facilities	62,446	43,460	(18,986)
Furniture, equipment and	,	•	` , ,
maintenance	164,208	147,045	(17,163)
Insurance	93,452	103,451	9,999
Office supplies and expenditures	105,306	112,157	6,851
Postage and couriers	38,846	43,952	5,106
Professional education and dues	95,791	64,661	(31,130)
Professional services	87,161	122,800	35,639
Other expenditures	11,019	6,129	(4,890)
Capital expenditures	48,875	182,862	133,987
Total indirect expenditures	1,222,606	1,286,085	63,479
Total expenditures	9,227,235	9,318,286	<u>(91,056</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other sources (uses)	\$ <u>13,838</u>	\$ <u>(22,023)</u>	\$(25 \$ 50)
onier sources (uses)	φ <u>13,030</u>	φ <u>(∠∠,∪∠3</u>)	\$ <u>(35,859</u>)

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY TO GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budgeted and Actual presents comparison of **the Judicial Expense Fund's** legally adopted original and final budget (non-GAAP basis) with actual data on a budgetary basis. The accounting principles applied by **the Judicial Expense Fund** for the purposes of developing data for its budget differ from those used to present the basic financial statements (GAAP Basis).

A reconciliation of the previously described basis follows:

Deficiency of revenues over expenditures (budgetary basis)	\$(22,023)
Expenses incurred but not paid	(309,455)
Amount by which capital outlays, net of retirements exceeds depreciation expense	46,195
Change in net position	\$ <u>(285,283)</u>

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO BUDGETARY DATA INFORMATION

Preparation of the budget begins in the Fiscal Administration office of the Judicial Administrator. The Chief Accountant compiles actual historical financial information for the completed year(s) for each of the eleven departments comprising **the Judicial Expense Fund**. The Chief Judge writes a letter to the two parochial officials presenting this compiled information and asking for their input for an upcoming budget within four weeks.

The Chief Accountant and Judicial Administrator then prepare budgets for the remaining eight departments, as well as the budget for the Judicial Expense Fund as a whole.

In accordance with **the Judicial Expense Fund** and Performance Accountability Act of 1999, each year the Judges *En Banc* submit their strategic plan to improve performance to the Louisiana Supreme Court. **The Judicial Expense Fund** has actively participated in the Strategic Plan of the Trial Courts since 2000, and aspects of this plan are incorporated into the budget.

Upon completion, the entity-wide budget is presented to the Finance Committee of the Judges *En Banc*, for their review. Once the Finance Committee approves both an operating budget and capital expenditure budget they present their recommendation to the Judges *En Banc*. According to section LSA-R.S.39:1309 the budget is adopted at an open meeting during which the public is invited to comment.

The Fiscal Administration office monitors revenues and controls expenditures according to section 1311. If it becomes necessary to amend the budget, the Chief Accountant and the Judicial Administrator will prepare an amended budget and present it to the Finance Committee for approval. The Finance Committee will recommend an amended budget to the Judges *En Banc*, who will formally adopt the amended budget at an open meeting according to section LSA-R.S.39:1310.

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

REPORT PREPARED BY

Anne Castjohn

- Chief Accountant

CHIEF JUDGE

Kern Reese

- Effective January 1, 2014

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR

Traci Dias

- Judicial Administrator

FINANCIAL REPORTING SECTION

Trina R. Lewis

Tymetrius Jones

Andrea Johnson

Jenice Saberre

- Accounts Payable

- Administrative Assistant

- Staff Accountant

- Administrative Assistant

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference and other meetings were held with representatives of **the Judicial Expense Fund**. The contents of this report were discussed and management is in agreement. Those persons who participated in this and previous discussions are as follows:

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

Traci Dias Anne Castjohn -- Judicial Administrator

-- Chief Accountant

BRUNO & TERVALON LLP, CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Waldo J. Moret, Jr., CPA -- Partner
Paul K. Andoh, Sr., CPA, MBA, CGFM -- Partner
Sherina C. Lewis, CPA -- Manager

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AT AN AUDIT OF FI IN ACCORDANC	FINA ND OT NANC E WIT	RS' REPORT ON INTERNAL NCIAL REPORTING AND ON HER MATTERS BASED ON IAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED H GOVERNMENT AUDITING	1
		OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES: D DECEMBER 31, 2013:	
Section I Section II Section IV	 	Summary of Auditors' Results	4 6 6 7
EXIT CONFERENCE			8



Member

American Institute of
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Alcide J. Tervalon, Jr., CPA Waldo J. Moret, Jr., CPA Paul K. Andoh, Sr., CPA Joseph A. Akanji, CPA

(Retired) Michael B. Bruno, CPA (2011)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, also including First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans

New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activity and major fund and related notes to the financial statement, which comprise the basic financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans also including First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Judicial Expense Fund) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2014. Our report includes reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements for the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans and the Clerk of First City Court for the Parish of Orleans, as described in our report on the financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **the Judicial Expense Fund's** internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **the Judicial Expense Fund's** internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the effectiveness of **the Judicial Expense Fund's** internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Judicial Expense Fund's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those changed with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Judicial Expense Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Bruno & Towalon LLP

BRUNO & TERVALON LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

New Orleans, Louisiana

June 30, 2014



CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statement

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

o Material weakness(es) identified.

No

o Significant deficiency(ies) identified.

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

o Material weakness(es) identified.

Not Applicable

o Significant deficiency(ies) identified.

Not Applicable

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs.

Not Applicable

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Not Applicable

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results, Continued

Federal Awards, Continued

Identification of major programs:

Not Applicable

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between type A and B programs

Not Applicable

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee? Not Applicable

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Section II - Financial Statement Findings and Responses

No financial statement findings were reported for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No federal award findings and questioned costs were reported for the year ended December 31, 2013.

CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Section IV - Other Matters

Reference Number LA 2012-01

The Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana performed an investigative audit of the Judicial Expense Fund and issued its report dated November 27, 2012. The entire report and the Judicial Expense Fund's response is published on the Legislative Auditor's website.

In a letter dated November 14, 2012, the Judges En Banc provided their response to the findings.

Further, it is our understanding that the response to the investigate audit afforded in the referenced letter represents the current status of the report findings.

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held with representatives of **the Judicial Expense Fund**. The contents of this report were discussed and management is in agreement. Those persons who participated in this and previous discussions are as follows:

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

Traci Dias Anne Castjohn - Judicial Administrator

Chief Accountant

BRUNO & TERVALON LLP, CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Waldo J. Moret, Jr., CPA

-- Partner

Paul K. Andoh, Sr., CPA, MBA, CGFM

-- Partner

Sherina C. Lewis, CPA

-- Manager



Member
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
Society of Louisiana
Certified Public Accountants

Alcide J. Tervalon, Jr., CPA Waldo J. Moret, Jr., CPA Paul K. Andoh, Sr., CPA Joseph A. Akanii, CPA

(Retired) Michael B. Bruno, CPA (2011)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON OTHER MATTERS RELATED TO INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Judges En Banc

Judicial Expense Fund for the

Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans,
also including First and Second City Courts
for the Parish of Orleans

New Orleans, Louisiana

Management of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans also including First and Second City Courts for the Parish of Orleans (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Judicial Expense Fund) is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, we considered the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control.

Our report includes reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements for the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans and the Clerk for the First City Court for the Parish of Orleans, as described in our report on the financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting that are reported on separately by those auditors.

We previously reported on the Judicial Expense Fund's internal control in our report dated June 30, 2014. This letter does not affect our report dated June 30, 2014 on the financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON OTHER MATTERS RELATED TO INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Current Year's Other Matters

2013

No current year other matters related to internal control were reported for the audit period ended December 31, 2013.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON OTHER MATTERS RELATED TO INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Status of Prior Year's Other Matters

2012

None reported during the year ended December 31, 2013.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON OTHER MATTERS RELATED TO INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

As always, we appreciate the courtesies extended to us by you and your staff during our audit. Should you have any questions or require further details, please do not hesitate to call.

This report is intended solely for the information of the management of **the Judicial Expense Fund**, and is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana as a public document.

Bruns & Terralon LLF

BRUNO & TERVALON LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS New Orleans, Louisiana

June 30, 2014